

Watertown Republican.

WATERTOWN, WIS., AUGUST 29, 1888.



REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. BEN. HARRISON,
Of Indiana.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
Of New York.

STATE.

- For Governor—**WILLIAM D. HOARD,** Of Jefferson.
- For Lieutenant-Governor—**GEORGE W. RYLAND,** Of Grant.
- For Secretary of State—**ERNEST G. TIMME,** Of Kenosha.
- For State Treasurer—**HENRY B. HARSHAW,** Of Winnebago.
- For Attorney General—**CHARLES E. ESTABROOK,** Of Manitowoc.
- For State Superintendent—**JESSE B. THAYER,** Of Pierce.
- For Railroad Commissioner—**ATLEY PETERSON,** Of Crawford.
- For Commissioner of Insurance—**PHILIP CHEEK, JR.,** Of Sauk.

The American Creed.

We believe in a free ballot and in having every vote counted.

We believe in protection for protection's sake, and we are not ashamed of it.

We believe in abolishing internal taxes created for war purposes.

We believe in the direct protection of American labor against cheap foreign labor.

We believe in free internal competition.

We believe in railroad regulation.

We believe in homesteads and good homestead titles for citizens.

We believe in home rule for big and intelligent territories.

We believe in a double monetary standard.

We believe in the utmost facilities for education, as worth all they can cost.

We believe in a big merchant marine and in American ship yards.

We believe in a good navy, good coast defenses and good water routes for commerce.

We believe in making other nations respect our rights and pay for all they get from us.

We believe in protecting American citizens against foreign interference, not only at home, but in any part of the world.

We believe that nothing is too good for the soldiers who risked their lives to save the country, and saved it.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, W. D. HOARD.

Position and affluence often come to men by the merest accident. The entailment of wealth is not always accompanied by brains and capability, and while to the selfish and sordid wealth is much sought for, and through it men often seek to climb to the top round of the ladder of fame, oftener for the absence of that keen insight into the wants and necessities of the people, fail to reach it. As a rule, men are elevated to official station because of that brain power and capacity, that deep and unselfish interest they take in the material welfare and progress of the people, to accomplish for them something to not only enrich their minds, and thus make them better and more useful citizens, but also to more amply recompense them for the hard labor of both mind and body. These qualifications are recognized and appreciated, and when the people rise in the majesty of their power and demand that one pre-eminently possessing all these sterling attributes shall be exalted by their franchisees, they do so with no uncertain sound or meaning. That W. D. Hoard is such a man, and that the yeomanry of this great state, from east to west, from north to south, will rally under his leadership, the action of the Republican State convention at Milwaukee last Wednesday will amply bear witness. Not only the farmer, but the mechanic and artisan, the business man and lawyer, all seemed bent on making W. D. Hoard governor of this great commonwealth. We often read of self-made men, and if it does not truly apply to Mr. Hoard then there is no significance in the term.

A few years of his early manhood were spent in defense of those principles so dear to every Republican heart. He braved the dangers of the battle field that this asylum of safety for the refugees of the tyrannizing powers of the old world might not be disrupted. After the war was over he returned to Jefferson county, where he has lived up to the present time. For many years he has published The Jefferson County Union. A man of broad views and bright intellect, he saw a chance to improve the condition of the agricultural community, and well has he carried out his work. Every farmer is a living witness of the herculean labor performed by Mr. Hoard, and many thousands of them are to-day reaping the benefits of his wisdom and knowledge. With more solicitude for party success than for

individual interests, the friends of the other candidates cheerfully acquiesced in the choice of the convention. We are much mistaken if W. D. Hoard's majority does not reach 30,000.

The balance of the Republican state ticket selected at Milwaukee, comprised, Geo. W. Ryland, lieutenant-governor; Ernst G. Timme, secretary of state; H. B. Harshaw, state treasurer; C. E. Eastabrook, attorney-general; J. B. Thayer, state superintendent; Atley Peterson, railroad commissioner; Philip Cheek, Jr., commissioner of insurance, all renominations, the convention thus fittingly endorsing faithful and worthy officials.

Inconsistency of Free Trade Attorneys.

The free trade attorneys have several strings to their colian harp, each set to a different tune, according to the presumed necessities of the situation. The voter's ear will be tickled with his favorite strain, and the music timed to his crudest step, always provided that his toes point toward the free trade camp.

The farmer is told that he, of all men, should stand for free trade; that protection but adds to the price of what he buys, and that his trouble with the price of what he has to sell comes from the fact that his market is not far enough from home. The mechanic is treated to the song of cheaper food and raiment when free trade comes. The laborer, after a few solemn strains over the hardness of his lot, is incited with martial notes to tumble down the wall of protection to home industries and enter upon the blessings which free trade has in store for its advocates.

But the manufacturer is likely to detect some discord in songs which promise higher wages for labor and lower prices for products. Another string is touched, and there comes to him the grand promise of the world's markets. He is told that goods which Americans are unable to buy will find ready purchasers beyond the seas, and that on the pinions of free trade increased wealth will be borne back to him, if he will but join in the worship of the image that the Cobden club has set up.

Who so blind as not to see inconsistency in all this?

The farmer's profit is now diminished by expense of transportation to centers of consumption, and many are barred the production of certain profitable crops by remoteness from markets. His obvious interest is to have markets nearer to the farm, and when possible sell in his own county rather than in Europe. He should remember that every man kept at work and earning wages in some other occupation than farming lessens competition in growing farm products, while increasing demand and prices for the same.

The mechanic's interest lies in having every dollar of wealth produced in this country kept at home and spent in building better houses, more machinery, finer furniture—in short, adding to the facilities of production and the ability of our people to purchase the products of mechanical industry. Let him reflect upon the disadvantage at which he would be placed if compelled to depend for wages upon some calling in which he is not skilled. In his own trade he is an expert, at any other work he would be a novice.

The laborer, dependent upon others for his means of support, is the first to feel the pinch of dull times. When building factories, making railroads, improving streets, etc., ceases, he is the first thrown out of work, and the least able of all to endure enforced idleness. As his department of labor is one requiring strength rather than skill, it is the most of all exposed to competition.

And the manufacturer, how is he to get the promised hold upon the markets of the world? These are already occupied by the manufacturers of other nations; otherwise they would not be so persistent to get into the markets of this country. How are they to be displaced? Obviously in but one of two ways: The American manufacturer to secure markets now monopolized by Europeans must either supply better goods at the prices now paid, or he must supply equally good articles for less money. If he makes the sacrifice the cheapening must fall either upon the material used or the labor put upon the finished product.

In face of the fact that \$250,000,000 were last year paid to foreigners for products which could as well have been manufactured in this country, the folly of further concessions in behalf of free foreign trade must be apparent to all except those who will not see it.

W. D. Hoard.

Conspicuous among the favorable notices from the press that the nomination of Mr. Hoard as the Republican candidate for governor receives, is the one published in The Chicago Inter Ocean of the 24th inst., as follows:

Passing from West Virginia to Wisconsin is a sudden transition. No one man is the recognized leader of the Wisconsin Republicans. Both senators and the governor are popular, but not at all autocratic. The convention which met at Milwaukee last Wednesday was largely made up of men little versed in the arts of politics, and the nominee for governor is almost a stranger to political life. W. D. Hoard has been recognized for several years in agricultural circles as one of the leading promoters of the dairy interest of the West, Wisconsin especially. We recall that four years ago a conference of some dozen dairymen of the northwest was called to meet in Chicago, and Mr. Hoard was one of the number. Modest and unobtrusive, he showed such intelligence

and good sense that he was conspicuous. That he should be named for governor of Wisconsin without having sought the office or having been foisted upon the party can surprise no one who knows the man and the state. Although the farmers quite generally espoused his cause with special warmth, his nomination was not brought about by grangerism. In the convention his friends were nervous, apparently apprehensive that his trained politician would some way "rig a purchase" and lift them out of water, but there was really no danger. A nomination is equivalent to an election in that state, especially this year, and naturally the other candidates were not disposed to give up the game until it was played to the finish, more particularly as they were slow to recognize in Mr. Hoard a formidable rival. But when the contest was over they all joined heartily in making the nomination unanimous. Some years ago Wisconsin had a granger governor, who was elected as a granger, but now it will have a genuine farmer in its gubernatorial chair, and there is every reason to believe that he will prove a worthy successor of the doughty Rusk, which is saying a great deal. No governor could wish to make a better record than Governor Rusk has made.

"Original and Independent"

The Milwaukee Wisconsin, which, during the recent canvass of the nomination for governor was predisposed to consider that Mr. Hoard's candidacy involved an alliance with old-time party bossism in this state, is now satisfied that the nomination of Mr. Hoard means nothing of the sort. In dealing with this subject, The Wisconsin of Thursday says:

But it is now due to all concerned to say that such alliance is repudiated in general and in particular; and by none more emphatically than by Mr. Hoard and his close personal followers. One of the latter—than whom few are in better repute among the Republicans of Wisconsin—said yesterday: "You must not hold Mr. Hoard responsible for his fool friends in Milwaukee and Madison. Their folly is no more justly chargeable to him than was the insane folly of friends which defeated Judge Gresham at Chicago, chargeable to Gresham."

And this utterance very closely represents the personal attitude of Mr. Hoard. In private conversation had yesterday at noon, he said substantially: "My friends in Milwaukee who oppose me and whose opposition I respect, are utterly wrong in their belief that I am fettered or involved as they suggest. Any one who knows W. D. Hoard knows that whatever else he is not, he is original and independent in his methods and work, the judge of his own action, and the keeper of his own conscience. If this nomination comes to me and I am elected, I will be governor and will not be governed. The fear of 'attachments' that may embarrass or in any way divert my administration from the line of a Hoard administration pure and simple, is wholly groundless."

Still They Come.

Joseph T. McCullough, a leading Democrat of Uhrichsville, Ohio, who was a revenue collector for a term under Cleveland's administration, but resigned on account of his large law practice, has joined the Republican ranks. He could not endorse the president's free trade policy and, consequently concluded to withdraw from the Democratic party.

In the packing department of a large firm in New York a canvass was recently taken, and the voters, all workmen, responded as follows: Harrison and Morton, 64; Cleveland Thurman, 20. Four years ago these men voted 74 for Cleveland and 10 for Blaine. And so the wonderful changes are going on.

One election district in the city of Syracuse, N. Y., which has been canvassed, showed 82 men who voted for Cleveland in 1884 now for Harrison, 56 Cleveland men in 1884 now undecided, and not one man who voted for Blaine four years ago who will not vote for Harrison in November. These are the "straws" that tell.

Judge Yellot, who was elected county judge of Baltimore county, Maryland, on the Democratic ticket, announces his purpose to vote for Harrison and Morton because of the free trade issue.

The latest political kick is a club composed of men who voted for Polk in 1844, but who will vote for Harrison this year. It is being organized in an Illinois city. Timothy E. Halvey, the well-known wool-broker, who has been visiting in Europe for some time, observing the political and economic conditions there, is out for Harrison and protection. He has always been a Democrat and a free trader. His experience while abroad has soundly converted him.

"Gath" has interviewed Dunlap, the New York hatter. Dunlap said: "I work 700 hands. At the last election I set in for Grover Cleveland, and used my best influence with my men to accomplish his election. Now I don't think he will get a vote out of the establishment. Mr. Cleveland has taken the gratuitous pains to disturb such establishments as mine, and I think we will remind him at the election that we appreciate his attention."

Wm. H. Anderson, a prominent Democratic politician at Findlay, Ohio, will vote for Harrison and Morton on the tariff issue.

W. H. Grace, a prominent Democrat of Brooklyn, New York, who took the stump for Cleveland four years ago, announces his purpose to vote for Harrison and Morton this year, and to make speeches for them. He objects to the free trade tendencies of the president.

Fifteen Germans at Colby, who have heretofore voted the straight Democratic ticket, have formed a Harrison and Morton club. This may affect the strength of the doubt among Democrats as to Wisconsin's verdict in November.

Ex-Congressman H. C. Calkins, of New York, an old member of Tammany hall, has just resigned as a member of that organization, and announces that he will vote for Harrison and Morton.

A change in political relations little short of revolution is in progress in West Virginia. The Mills bill is driving Democrats in crowds into the Republican party.

The Waupun Times says twenty-one men of the town of Eldorado, Fond du Lac county, heretofore Democrats, have announced their determination to vote for Harrison and Morton.

1854.-34TH EXHIBIT-1888.

Jefferson Co. & Rock River Valley Agricultural Society

Annual Fair

AT JEFFERSON, Sept. 11 to 14, Inclusive.

Grand Exhibition of Farm Products

The Management has made Great Inducements to Horsemen by offering Larger Purses than ever before, ensuring a series of the

BEST RACES

Ever given at any County Fair in Southern Wisconsin. See them!

\$3000-In Purses & Premiums.-\$3000

GRAND Firemen's Tournament

FOR A PURSE OF \$75.

Excellent Music!

Fine Art and Floral Halls!

LARGE LIVE STOCK SHOW!

PREMIUMS LARGER THAN EVER!

Free Admission to School Children on Wednesday.

Send for Premium List to CHAS. F. BULLWINKEL, Secretary, Jefferson.

Boots, Boots!

Will open a line of **MEN'S BOOTS** this week for the Fall trade from \$1.75 to \$2.50

GREAT BARGAINS!

H. J. Strauss.

H. MULBERGER, President. G. MAY, Secy. & Treas.

THE GLOBE MILLING Co.

Sells Flour delivered free within the city at the following prices:

- Per 98 lbs.
- White Fawn "patent" 2.75
- White Rose "2d patent" 2.10
- Best family "str'ght spring" 2.30
- Choice winter "straight" 2.40
- Empire Favorite 2.10
- Rye Flour 2.00
- Bran \$15, Middling \$16, Rye Feed \$16 per ton.

All kinds of feed constantly on hand.

ALSO

Corn Meal, Graham & Farina.

Prompt attention given to all kinds of **CUSTOMWORK** at the Empire Mills, West Side. December 31st, 1888.

TRARRANT'S SELTZER

DYSPEPTICS REJOICE

In the Speedy Relief OBTAINED BY USING TRARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

Sold by Trarrant & Co., N.Y., and Druggists everywhere.

F. W. KURZWEG,

DEALER IN FINE

Boots & Shoes

I have a large stock of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, In Pegged, Hand, Machine Sewed & Hand Turned

I make a specialty of all the best brands such as REYNOLDS BROS., BURT, GRAY, BROS. and EMERSON SONS. All goods warranted. The best made. Call and see for yourself. 120 MAIN STREET, WATERTOWN, WIS.

GET THE BEST!

Those in want of a first-class

FURNACE

Will do well to call on

WM. WEBER & CO.

We can and will sell

FURNACES

At prices that defy competition. Satisfaction Guaranteed

We are the only house in the city, who have FURNACES in stock and can set them up on short notice.

Wm. Weber & Co.

ANOTHER NEW DEAL

WATER TOWN, WIS.

E. W. SCHULTZ,

Has just received his Mammoth order of—

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

And put before the public a full line of FURNITURE new to the trade. And remember he is bound to sell the best goods for less money than any other dealer in the northwest. Call and look over his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

One Block west of Main St. Bridge, WATERTOWN, WIS.

J. Weber & Son,

Dealers in—

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, &c.

Odd size sash, doors and blinds, long and heavy timbers a specialty.

Near Empire Mill, Watertown, Wis

Huber & Lehmann,

(Successors to Hamlin & Ford.) DEALERS IN—

LUMBER & COAL.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Building Paper, Paints, &c., &c., at lowest market price. Yard at foot of Fourth St., near Milwaukee depot, Watertown, Wisconsin.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRMLY ESTABLISHED! SAFE! RELIABLE!

94th Year. Oldest Stock Ins. Co. of America. Insurance Company of

North America,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1888, \$8,436,590.96

Surplus as regards Policy-Holders \$5,404,490.83

Stands in the front rank of institutions of its class, on the score of

LENGTH OF SERVICE! AMOUNT OF INCOME! CAPITAL AND ASSETS, AND SURPLUS OVER ALL LIABILITIES!

For Insurance in this Old and Favorite Company, apply to

WM. L. NORRIS, Agent, - - Watertown, Wis. Office in Mrs. Wright's Building, up stairs.

REMEMBER THE BEST is the CHEAPEST

Cabinet and Panel Portraits, **\$4.00 PER DOZEN.**

MAY'S STUDIO.

Main Street, 2 doors east of bridge.

For the past fifteen years my work has received the first premiums at all fairs held within a radius of twenty miles. The best facilities, finest material, including the best imported cards, enables us to compete with eastern photographers in variety of style and beauty of finish. Prices reduced on all sizes to meet the demand of the times, and proofs given in all cases. My usual liberality in making resittings free of charge will be continued. Until further notice present prices will prevail

J. B. MAY.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY for ONE DOLLAR

Use Only COIT & CO'S ONE-COAT REPAIR PAINT. Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Eight Fashionable Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermilion, Blue, Yellow, Olive Lake, Brewster and Wagon Green. No Varnishing necessary. Dries hard with a "shine." One Coat and job is done. Indispensable to Farmers, Livery-Stable Keepers, and Repair Shops. The greatest money-saving invention of the age. Excellent for Lawn Seats, Flower Pots, Baby Carriages, Screen Doors, Furniture, Store Fronts, etc. Just the thing for the ladies to use about the house. Avoid worthless imitations. We warrant ours not to turn white and wear at least one year. A quart does a buggy complete.

COIT & CO'S HONEST HOUSE-PAINT

Are you going to paint this year? If so don't buy a paint containing water or benzine when for the same money you can procure COIT & CO'S PURE PAINT that is warranted to be an HONEST, GENUINE LINSEED-OIL PAINT and free from water and benzine. Demand this brand and take no other. Merchants handling it are our agents and authorized by us, in writing, to warrant it to wear 3 YEARS with 4 COATS or 4 YEARS with 2 COATS. Our Shades are the Latest Styles used in the East now becoming so popular in the West, and so with the times. Try this brand of HONEST PAINT. You will never regret it. You run no risk. Every job and every gallon warranted.

FLOOR-PAINT that WONT DRY STICKY

Ever buy Floor Paint that never dries beyond the sticky point, waste a week, spoil the job, then swear? Next time buy COIT'S FLOOR-PAINT, 4 suitable shades, warranted to dry hard as a rock over night. No trouble. No sweating. Be suspicious when substitutes are offered by Dealers, stating that "they are as good" as ours. It is not so. Cheap imitations cost less, give more profit but are of no value and are too slow to waste time and money on them. COIT & CO., of CHICAGO, Manufacturers